

Organizational Security

Prof. Dr. Eşref ADALI

www.Adalı.net

Concerns

Data

Confidentiality

Sources

Integrity

Reputation

Availability

Development of Security

Policy of Security : The importance of security may vary depends on organization. While data are important for a company, reputation is more important for others.

Standards : There are some national or international security standards. Organization should be satisfied to these standards. For example if a bank is not satisfy them, its operation will be stopped.

Principle : Each organization should have some security principle. These principle are proposal for policy of organization

Process : Process are explain step of action about security, such as necessary protection, what will do against to attack.

Duties of Security Department



Examination and Planning

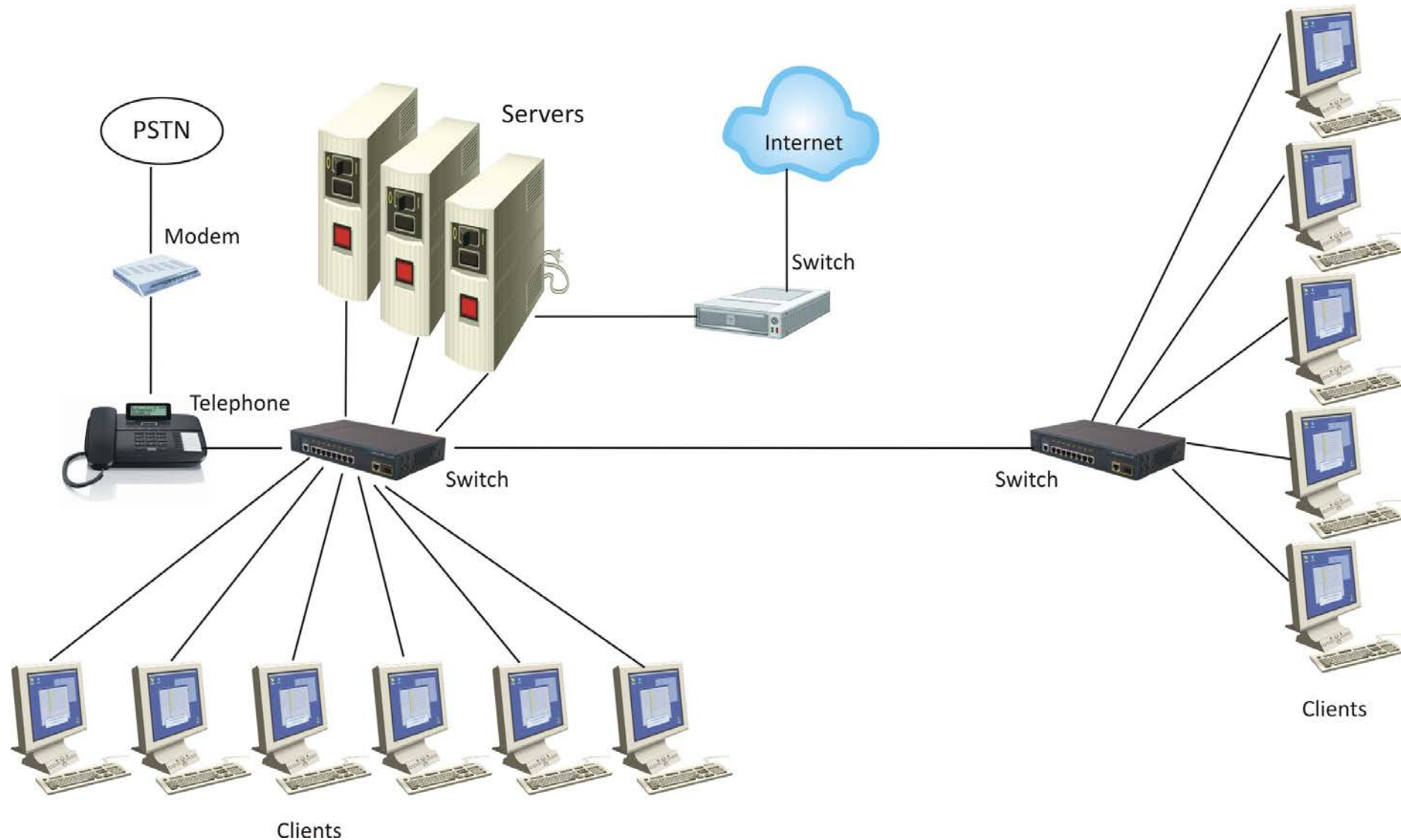
Application

Auditing

Evaluation

Examination and Planning

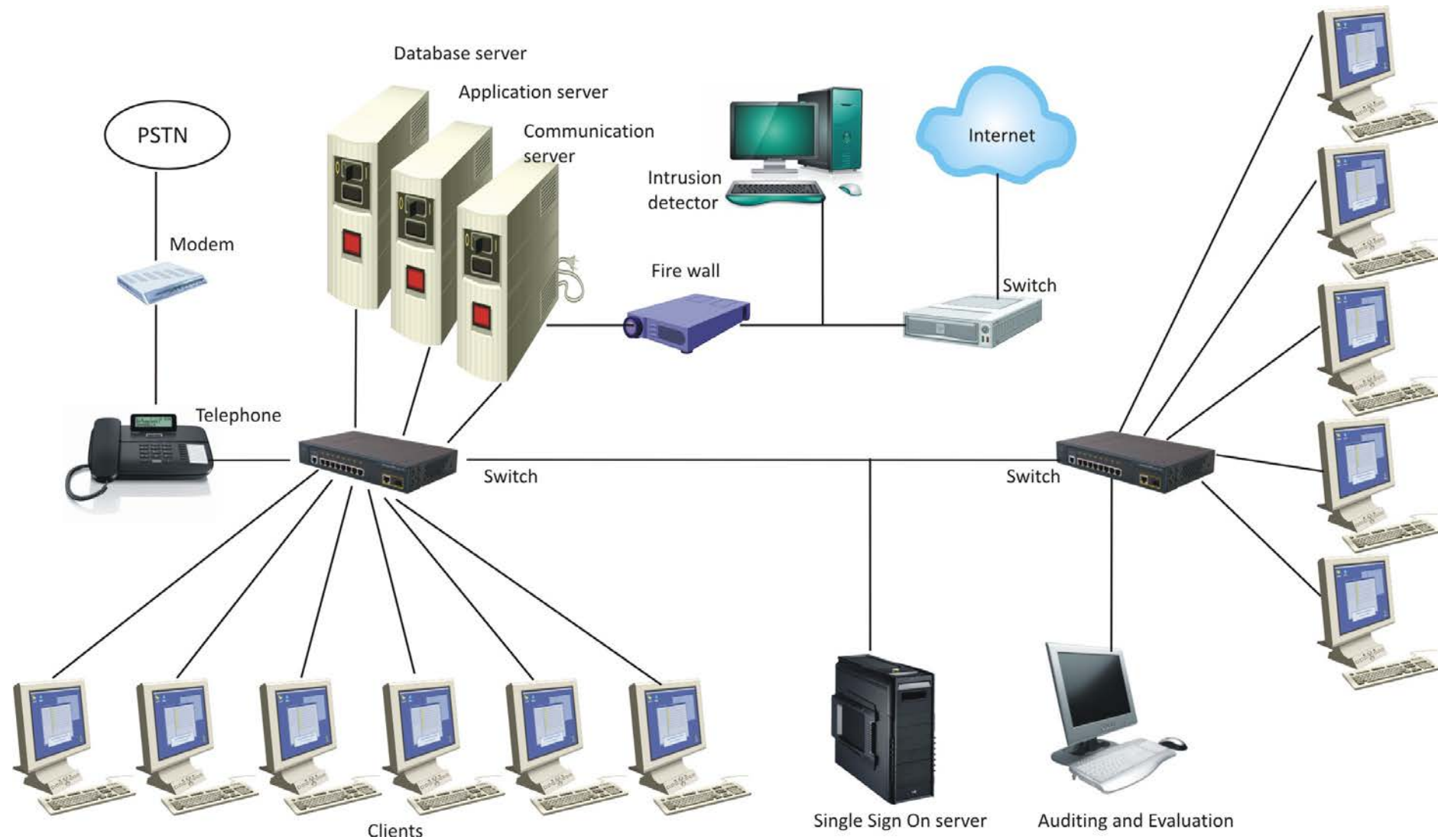
- Current situation of IT system must be examined in terms of security
- In order to make IT system make a new plan



Application

Some necessary devices are added to IT system which are:

- Intrusion detector
- Fire wall
- Single Sign on Server
- Auditing and Evaluation Server



Auditing

Auditing and logging for each user:

- Logging and logout time to system in working hour
- Logging and logout time to system out of working hour
- Logging and logout time to system from out of organization
- Logging and logout time to software that user has the right to access it
- The time and numbers of try to access a software that user has not the right to access it
- Logging and logout time to database that user has the right to access it
- The time and numbers of try to access a database that user has not the right to access it
- The IP of user

The results of auditing must be written on log file

Evaluation

Evaluation system analysis the auditing log file and prepare a report.

Authorization and Delegation

Top management : Responsible for all sources and data of organization

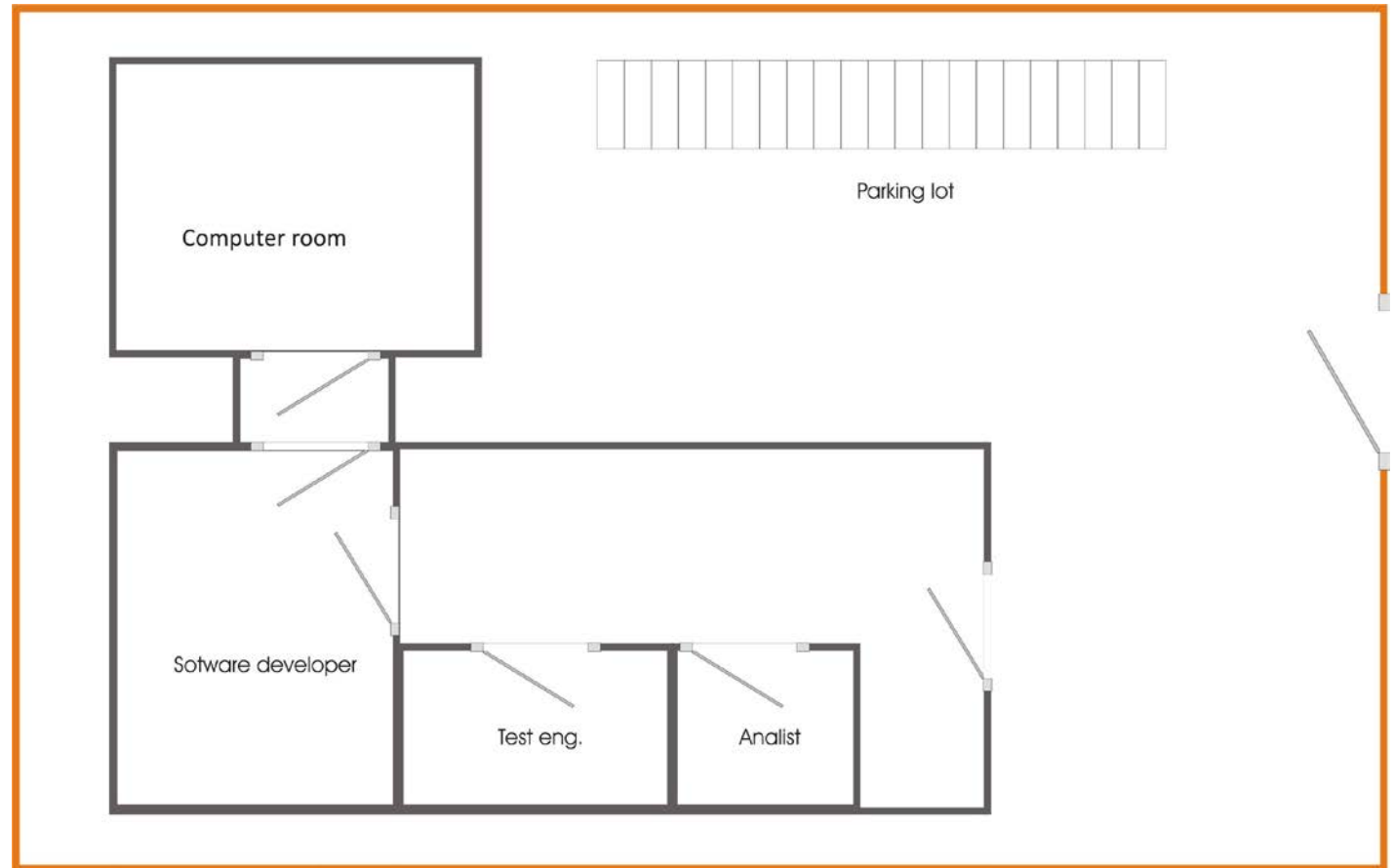
Manager of IT Security : Responsible to carry out IT security according to policy of organization

Users : They have to work according to process of organization

- They promise to obey the rules of organization
- Keep in secret the ID and password
- Turn of the computer when work is ended
- Inform the manager if see any unusual event
- Keep the door close for security
- Obey all laws and regulations
- Careful about secret document and data

Physical Security

- Computer room must be midpoint of organization
- Floor must be solid
- Only one door access
- Door must be fire proof
- No false floor or ceiling
- No windows
- The walls must be concrete shear Wall
- One electricity panel
- Fire detection and holon base extinguisher system must be installed
- Has own air condition system which has high level filter.
- Has surveillance camera



Door System

Control by warden (3 shifts)

Can open by badge

Baffle gate

Additional Cares



Security cordon

GSM Phone

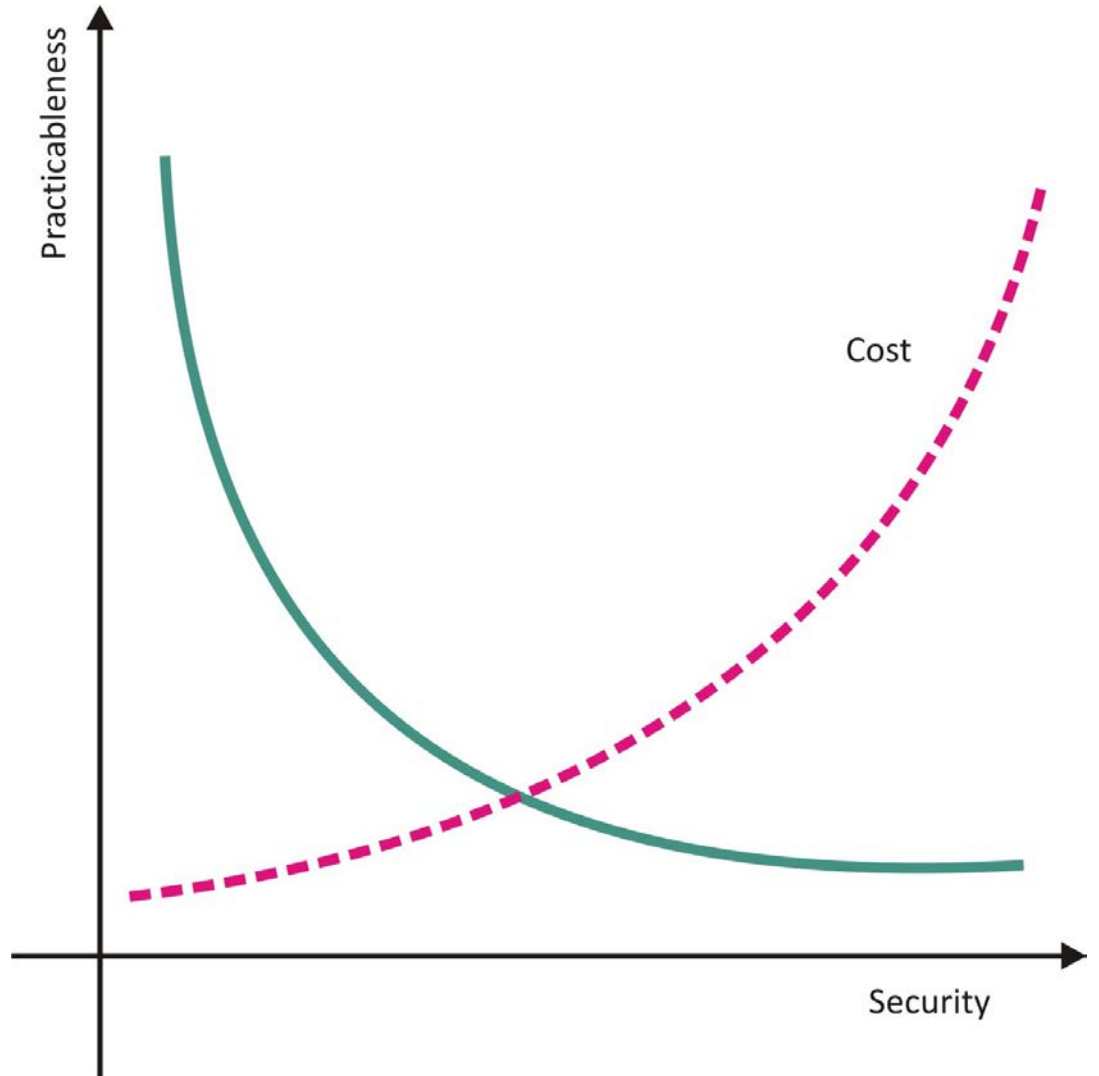
TEMPEST

Backup and Disaster Center

- Backup of data must be taken frequently
- Backup must be saved out of computer room
- A mirroring data base system should be used
- A disaster center is needed for higher security

Cost of Security

- Which entities must be protected?
- What are importance degree of each entity?
- From where attack come ?
- Why attacks come ?
- Who will attack ?
- What is the probability of corruption ?
- What will be cost of corruption as far as financial and reputation are concerned?
- What will be the cost of recovery of system
- What is the cost of small corruption?
- What is the cost of big corruption?



Physical Connection

Coaxial cable

Twisted pair cable

Fiber cable

Wireless connection